

NEPS

National Educational Panel Study

Sabine Zinn

Samples, Weights and Nonresponse

NEPS Starting Cohort 5 — First-Year Students
From Higher Education to the Labor Market

Wave 12

Research Data

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Samples, Weights, and Nonresponse: Wave 12 of the Student Sample of the National Educational Panel Study

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1 Summary of Study

This report refers Wave 12 of the Scientific Use File (SUF) [doi:10.5157/NEPS:SC5:12.0.0](https://doi.org/10.5157/NEPS:SC5:12.0.0) of the survey “first-year undergraduate students in higher education in 2011” (Starting Cohort 5, SC5) conducted within the National Educational Panel Study (NEPS). The current SUF version is available under [DOI:10.5157/NEPS:SC5:12.0.0](https://doi.org/10.5157/NEPS:SC5:12.0.0).¹ This paper supplements the previous NEPS Survey Paper by Zinn, Steinhauer, and Aßmann (2017) as well as the Wave 9, Wave 10, and Wave 11 weighting documentation (Zinn, 2017, 2018a, 2018b), which give detailed information on the applied sampling procedure, the derivation of design weights, their successive adjustments, and the derivation of panel weights for all of the previous waves.

Table 1 summarizes the study numbers, the survey modes, the periods of the studies as well as the numbers of participants in each panel wave available in the current SUF. The studies B52 (Wave 1), B55 (Wave 3), B59 (Wave 5), B94 (Wave 7), B111 (Wave 9), and B112 (Wave 10) were conducted via computer-assisted telephone interviews (CATIs). The studies B54 (Wave 2), B56 (Wave 4), B58 (Wave 6), B95 (Wave 8) and B113 (Wave 11) are online surveys. The study B53 (Wave 1 Test) involves competence tests that have been conducted in parallel to the telephone interviews of the B52 study. In study B114 (Wave 12) a mixed mode design was applied: participants could chose between being interviewed and tested via CATI/CAWI or CAPI. For each wave weights are available for those persons that participated in an interview. Weights for persons participating in competence tests are only available for Wave 1 (i.e. study B53). No weights are provided for persons who attended the competence tests in Wave 5 (study B57), Wave 7 (study B90), and Wave 12 (study B114). Table 2 gives the wave-specific number of participants, temporary dropouts, and final drop-outs in and after the survey.

¹For general information on the NEPS, see Blossfeld, Roßbach, and von Maurice (2011). More detailed information is available in the documentation section on the [homepage](#).

Table 1: Attribution of studies to panel waves.

Wave	Study	Survey Time
Wave 1	B52 CATI	Winter 2010/11
Wave 1 Test	B53 Test	Winter 2010/11
Wave 2	B54 CAWI	Autumn 2011
Wave 3	B55 CATI	Spring 2012
Wave 4	B56 CAWI	Autumn 2012
Wave 5	B59 CATI	Spring 2013/Summer 2013
Wave 5 Test	B57 Test	Spring 2013/Summer 2013
Wave 6	B58 CAWI	Autumn 2013
Wave 7	B94 CATI	Summer 2014
Wave 7 Test	B90 Test	Winter/Spring 2014
Wave 8	B95 CAWI	Autumn 2014
Wave 9	B111 CATI	Spring/Summer 2015
Wave 10	B112 CATI	Spring/Summer 2016
Wave 11	B113 CAWI	Autumn 2016
Wave 12	B114 CAWI	Spring/Summer/Autumn 2018

2 Case Numbers, Respondents, Nonrespondents and Final Dropouts, Waves 1 to 12

Table 2: Case numbers, respondents, nonrespondents and final drop-outs.

Wave	Sub-sample	Panel sample	Gross sample	Participants	Participation proportion	Temporary dropouts	Final dropouts (within wave)	Final dropouts (after wave)
1	Total	-	31082	17910	0.576	0	13172	0
	LA	-	7864	5555	0.706	0	2309	0
	UNI	-	11904	8024	0.674	0	3880	0
	FH	-	7460	3894	0.522	0	3566	0
	PR	-	3854	437	0.113	0	3417	0
1T	Total	17910	17910	5949	0.332	11942	19	0
	LA	5555	5555	2021	0.364	3527	7	0
	UNI	8024	8024	2715	0.338	5304	5	0
	FH	3894	3894	1115	0.286	2772	7	0
	PR	437	437	98	0.224	339	0	0
2	Total	17891	17891	12273	0.686	5591	27	13
	LA	5548	5548	3839	0.692	1701	8	2
	UNI	8019	8019	5609	0.699	2395	15	8
	FH	3887	3887	2510	0.646	1374	3	3
	PR	437	437	315	0.721	121	1	0
3	Total	17851	17851	13113	0.735	4560	178	33
	LA	5538	5538	4253	0.768	1235	50	10
	UNI	7996	7995	5841	0.731	2077	77	11
	FH	3881	3881	2701	0.696	1135	45	10
	PR	436	436	318	0.729	112	6	2
4	Total	17640	17640	11202	0.635	6424	14	19
	LA	5478	5478	3695	0.675	1780	3	2
	UNI	7908	7908	5003	0.633	2899	6	12
	FH	3826	3826	2219	0.580	1602	5	5

Table 2: Case numbers, respondents, nonrespondents and final drop-outs.

Wave	Sub-sample	Panel sample	Gross sample	Participants	Participation proportion	Temporary dropouts	Final dropouts (within wave)	Final dropouts (after wave)
	PR	428	428	285	0.666	143	0	0
5	Total	17607	17607	12694	0.721	4620	293	3
	LA	5473	5473	4186	0.765	1215	72	0
	UNI	7890	7890	5615	0.712	2149	126	0
	FH	3816	3816	2582	0.677	1145	89	3
	PR	428	428	311	0.727	111	6	0
5T	Total	17311	17311	8767	0.506	8537	6	60
	LA	5401	5401	2907	0.538	2493	1	17
	UNI	7764	7764	3963	0.510	3799	2	30
	FH	3724	3724	1687	0.453	2035	2	10
	PR	422	422	210	0.498	211	1	3
6	Total	17245	17245	10183	0.590	7039	23	6
	LA	5383	5383	3352	0.623	2027	4	1
	UNI	7732	7732	4594	0.594	3123	15	4
	FH	3712	3712	1975	0.532	1733	4	1
	PR	418	418	262	0.627	156	0	0
7T		17216	600	339	0.565	237	24	2
	Gesamt							
	LA	5378	57	38	0.667	19	0	0
	UNI	7713	343	202	0.589	127	14	0
	FH	3707	158	77	0.487	72	9	2
	Privat	418	42	22	0.524	19	1	0
7	Total	17190	14456	9611	0.665	4426	419	2106
	LA	5378	2639	1924	0.729	652	63	564
	UNI	7699	7699	5133	0.667	2385	181	978
	FH	3696	3696	2277	0.616	1264	155	519

Table 2: Case numbers, respondents, nonrespondents and final drop-outs.

Wave	Sub-sample	Panel sample	Gross sample	Participants	Participation proportion	Temporary dropouts	Final dropouts (within wave)	Final dropouts (after wave)
	PR	417	417	277	0.664	120	20	45
8	Total	14665	14664	8629	0.588	6024	11	1
	LA	4751	4751	2933	0.617	1817	1	0
	UNI	6540	6539	3945	0.603	2587	7	0
	FH	3022	3022	1546	0.512	1473	3	1
	PR	352	352	205	0.582	147	0	0
9	Total	14653	14652	10096	0.689	4322	234	920
	LA	4750	4750	3430	0.722	1252	68	276
	UNI	6533	6532	4522	0.692	1936	74	411
	FH	3018	3018	1898	0.629	1039	81	214
	PR	352	352	246	0.699	95	11	19
10	Total	13499	13498	9090	0.673	4191	217	1209
	LA	4406	4406	3072	0.697	1275	59	457
	UNI	6048	6047	4149	0.686	1817	81	453
	FH	2723	2723	1650	0.606	1001	72	276
	Privat	322	322	219	0.680	98	5	23
11	Total	12073	12073	7020	0.581	5042	11	7
	LA	3890	3890	2232	0.574	1654	4	2
	UNI	5514	5514	3396	0.616	2115	3	4
	FH	2375	2375	1225	0.516	1146	4	1
	Privat	294	294	167	0.568	127	0	0
12	Total	12055	12055	8551	0.581	3041	463	726
	LA	3884	3884	2866	0.738	889	129	126
	UNI	5507	5507	3903	0.709	1410	194	367
	FH	2370	2370	1576	0.665	666	128	218
	Privat	294	294	206	0.701	76	12	15

Notes: (i) *LA*: students in teacher education, *UNI*: students at public university without *LA*, *FH*: students at public universities of applied science, *PR*: students at private universities, (ii) 'T' indicates testing, (iii) Discrepancies between the sizes of the gross and the panel cohort samples are due to the short time periods available between forming the wave-specific gross samples and recording all the final drop-outs from previous waves. In some cases, the study of the previous wave was still running while the next wave-specific study already started.

3 Weighting Adjustments for Wave Participation

To mirror the recruitment and participation process within the weighting adjustments, consecutive modeling of the decision and participation process is performed. The first step in this process corresponds to the sampling of universities and fields of study, and to the recruitment of students. Here, design weights compensate for unequal selection probabilities and selectivity due to initial nonresponse. Then, starting from Wave 2, nonresponse adjusted design weights are derived for each wave. For this purpose, logistic regression models are used. On their basis nonresponse models are estimated and participation probabilities are predicted. These are used as adjustment factors to derive cross-sectional and longitudinal survey weights. The results of the analyses corresponding to the initial wave and all subsequent waves until Wave 8 are given in Zinn et al. (2017), for Wave 9 in Zinn (2017), for Wave 10 in Zinn (2018a) and for Wave 11 in Zinn (2018b). This paper also describes the procedures applied to derive design weights as well as cross-sectional and longitudinal survey weights. Table 3 shows the estimated model for Wave 12. Unsurprisingly, we find that the frequency of participation is the driving force in explaining participation behavior. The more often a person participated in previous waves the higher is the probability of participating again.² Likewise, persons with migration background, younger persons, and females have lower participation propensities as their counterparts (measured on the basis of the panel cohort of the size N=17,910). Furthermore, we find slight selectivity concerning the study field (which the students studied at their first semester).

²The associated variable is coded as follows: always/very often (participation in eleven or ten waves), often (participation in at least half of the waves), rare (otherwise).

Table 3: Modeling Participation in Wave 12 (i.e., Study B114)

Variable	Reference Category	Estimated	P-Value
Participation in previous waves	always/very often		
often		-1.300	<0.001***
seldom		-3.783	<0.001***
University	no		
yes		0.140	0.051.
Gender	female		
male		0.220	0.048**
Teacher Education	no		
yes		0.330	0.087.
Funding	private		
public		0.009	0.078.
Field of Study	Field 9		
Field 1		-0.043	0.841
Field 2		0.114	0.029**
Field 3		0.061	0.242
Field 4		0.185	<0.001***
Field 5		-0.266	0.151
Field 6		0.048	0.694
Field 7		0.080	0.232
Field 8		0.207	0.034**
Reading Competence Wave 1	low		
Lower medium		-0.003	0.980
Upper medium		-0.131	0.205
high		-0.091	0.235
missing		-0.133	0.082.
Region	East		
West		-0.012	0.768
Educational Attainment Mother	1a, 1b, 2b		
1c, 2a		0.016	0.820
2a		0.025	0.800
3a, 3b		0.072	0.516
missing		0.076	0.342
Educational Attainment Father	1a, 1b, 2b		
1c, 2a		0.035	0.709
2a		0.115	0.314
3a, 3b		0.100	0.425
missing		0.115	0.302
Birth Year	<1989		
1989/90		-0.094	0.004**
>1990		-0.108	0.043*
Migration Background	Generation Status \geq 3		
Generation Status < 3		-0.139	0.002**
Number of cases	17,907 [†]		

Notes: [†] Three of the 17910 students of the Wave 1 panel cohort were abroad at panel start. Thus, per definition they are not part of the SC5 target population.

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1.

4 Summary of Weights and Advice Regarding the Usage of Weights

Table 4 lists the types of weights provided for SUF release version 12-0-0 and Table 5 gives some summary statistics of the weights provided. All weights are provided in a trimmed and standardized form. For Wave 1, additionally a set of extrapolated cross-sectional weights is given allowing extrapolating sample distributions to the population level of first-year students in the winter semester 2010/2011 according to the field of study, institution type, sex, nationality, and kind of funding. No general recommendation for the usage of sampling weights can be given. However, some advices are given in Zinn et al. (2017) and in Zinn, Würbach, Steinhauer, and Hammon (2018).

Table 4: Types of weights provided.

Type of weight	Label
Weights of strata	w_h
Weights of students participating in B52	w_t1
Weights (extrapolated) of students participating in B52	w_t1ext
Weights of students participating in B53	w_t1comp
Weights of students participating in B54	w_t2
Weights of students participating in B55	w_t3
Weights of students participating in B56	w_t4
Weights of students participating in B59	w_t5
Weights of students participating in B58	w_t6
Weights of students participating in B94	w_t7
Weights of students participating in B111	w_t9
Weights of students participating in B112	w_t10
Weights of students participating in B113	w_t11
Weights of students participating in B114	w_t12
Weights of students participating in all online studies	w_allCAWI
Weights of students participating in the telephone interviews	w_allCATI
Weights of students participating in all studies so far	w_allWaves

Table 5: Summary Statistics for (Trimmed and Standardized) Weights.

Label of weight	Number	Min.	Lower Quart.	Median	Mean	Upper Quart.	Max.
w_h	11,544	1.667	1.667	6.286	1.000	6.286	6.366
w_t1	17,910	0.009	0.329	0.997	1.000	1.328	3.386
w_t1ext	17,910	0.174	6.020	18.272	18.470	24.327	325.273
w_t1comp	5,949	0.146	0.302	0.825	1.000	1.299	4.134
w_t2	12,271 ^a	0.009	0.348	0.920	1.000	1.331	3.676
w_t3	13,110 ^b	0.008	0.308	0.875	1.000	1.275	3.917
w_t4	11,200 ^a	0.008	0.308	0.835	1.000	1.277	4.117
w_t5	12,691 ^b	0.009	0.302	0.871	1.000	1.269	4.012
w_t6	10,182 ^c	0.017	0.319	0.798	1.000	1.277	4.257
w_t7	9,545 ^a	0.007	0.578	0.795	1.000	1.118	3.811
w_t8	8,628 ^c	0.011	0.271	0.752	1.000	1.146	4.673
w_t9	10,095 ^c	0.008	0.324	0.842	1.000	1.253	4.114
w_t10	9,089 ^c	0.008	0.281	0.806	1.000	1.184	4.364
w_t11	7,019 ^c	0.009	0.350	0.748	1.000	1.204	4.403
w_t12	8,549 ^a	0.008	0.302	0.853	1.000	1.301	4.077
w_allCAWI	4,295 ^c	0.042	0.311	0.634	1.000	1.134	4.853
w_allCATI	4,492 ^c	0.008	0.452	0.693	1.000	1.126	4.416
w_allWaves	2,139 ^c	0.153	0.475	0.777	1.000	1.311	3.821

Notes: a. For two of the participants no weights are provided since they studied abroad at panel start (in Wave 1). Thus for them no calibrated weights can be derived. b. For three of the participants no weights are provided since they studied abroad at panel start (in Wave 1). Thus for them no calibrated weights can be derived. c. For one participant no weight is provided since she/he studied abroad at panel start (in Wave 1). Thus for her/him no calibrated weight can be derived.

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